

LEVEL 1 BOOK 1

GIVING DISADVANTAGED YOUTH A
PATH TO PROFESSIONAL JOBS

This book has been issued to	(First Name)	(Family Name)
of Session	on	(DD/MM/YY)

WHO YOU ARE TOMORROW
BEGINS WITH WHAT YOU
DO TODAY - TIM FARGO

THE GREATEST GLORY
IN LIVING LIES NOT IN
NEVER FALLING, BUT
IN RISING EVERY TIME
WE FALL - NELSON MANDELA

ANYONE WHO
STOPS LEARNING
IS OLD, WHETHER
AT TWENTY OR EIGHTY
- CHINESE PROVERB

TO HAVE
ANOTHER
LANGUAGE IS TO
POSSESS A SECOND
SOUL - CHARLEMAGNE

# STUDENT WORKBOOK

**REVISED - SEPT 14, 2017** 

THE FUTURE BELONGS
TO THOSE WHO
BELIEVE IN THE
BEAUTY OF THEIR
DREAMS
- ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

PATIENCE CAN'T BE ACQUIRED OVERNIGHT. IT'S JUST LIKE BUILDING UP A MUSCLE. EVERYDAY, YOU NEED TO WORK ON IT - EKNATH EASWARAN

YOU DON'T HAVE TO BE GOOD TO START, YOU JUST HAVE TO START TO BE GOOD - SARAH CALDWELL

**BUILDING ENGLISH, NON-COGNITIVE & CRITICAL THINKING SKILLS** 

#### **About This Resource**

The classes organized by the Freedom English Academy, are aimed at building comfort, confidence and competence in oral communication. The one hour forty-five minute weekday class—is designed using international language learning framework. For 30 minutes, students listen and learn from—computer based program. Thereafter, for 1 hour 15 minutes, with the Facilitator's guidance, the students practice the learnt concepts in the Workbook and through oral communication activities.

Along with developing communication skills, Freedom English Academy is also committed to building cognitive and non-cognitive skills among its students, making them independent thinkers and responsible individuals. The language lessons are layered with activities to nurture a problem-solving mindset among students to improve their prospects of getting professional jobs and help them become active contributors in their communities.

The FEA program is benchmarked to Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR), Collaborative for Academic, Social, and Emotional Learning (CASEL), Project Zero Thinking Visible competencies. It draws heavily on learnings from Project-based Learning, International Baccalaureate, Tribes TLC® and Intrinsic Institute Leadership Development Program.

The lessons in these books and the methodology to teach them has been designed by FEA curriculum team under the leadership of Ms Payal Mahajan, abundantly supported by Mr. Avishek Singh, Ms Pallavi Vasisht and others at FEA. This team has worked painstakingly over the years with educators and experts like Dr. Robert Hagan, Dr. Brian Davidson, Dr. John Mergendoller to create an powerful and effective tool to give disadvantaged youth a pathway to professional jobs and community leadership.

The purpose of this Workbook is to serve as a comprehensive practise book for first-generation learners of English language, organizing information to facilitate comfort with the language at the early Beginner level (Level I).

The facilitator is to ensure that the students <u>use a pencil</u> to complete the workbook exercises as it will allow them to make changes, if required.

This Student Workbook comprises 46 lessons as a part of Level I (Book 1) to be completed in two months. After the successful completion of early Beginner (Level I), regular attendance and approved by Evaluator to meet the promotion criteria, students will be given Book 2 for late Beginner (Level I).

The Student Workbook must be left behind at the Centre, after the completion of the I hour 45 minutes class. Students must carry their own completed Workbook at the time of Evaluation. After completion of Book I, keep it in the centre for reference during Book 2 as well as for evaluation at the end of Book 2. Students may be allowed to take the Workbook home after he/she completes Level I.

# **Table of Content**

Lesson #	Topic	Page #	
Week 1			
1	Me and My - 1	5	
2	Me and My - 2	8	
3	Family	11	
4	Introducing Self	13	
5	Introducing Others	17	
6	Consolidation	20	
Week 2			
7	Being Polite	22	
8	Intonation	25	
9	Can & Can't	26	
10	Do & Does	28	
11	May, Must, Might	30	
12	Consolidation	33	
Week 3	Week 3		
13	Food	34	
14	Hobbies	38	
15	Seasons & Weather	40	
16	Weather Forecast	43	
17	Favorite Things	46	
18	Consolidation	49	
Week 4			
19	Learning A Language	51	
20	Sentence Structure - 1	52	
21	Sentence Structure - 2	55	
22	Asking Questions - 1	57	
23	Asking Questions - 2	59	
24	Consolidation	61	

Lesson #	Topic	Page #
Week 5		
25	Consonant Sounds- 1	62
26	Vowel Sounds - 1	64
27	My House	65
28	My Neighborhood	67
29	My Workplace	69
30	Learning Contract 1	71
Week 6		
31	Consonant Sounds - 2	73
32	Vowel Sounds - 2	75
33	Actions & Places	77
34	How Brain Works	79
35	Homophones & Opposites	82
36	Pre-evaluation	83
Week 7		
37	Telling Time	85
38	The Week	87
39	The Calendar	89
40	Managing Time	91
41	Planning & Preparing	93

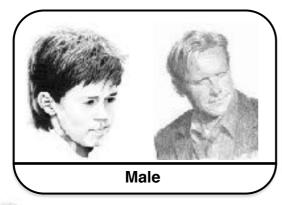
	Appendix	
1	Dice Game	99
2	Student Leave Application Form	101- 103

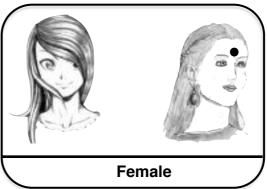
# ME AND MY - 1

## A. NAME

	My name is ajesh Kumar Sharma.	FIRST NAME	MIDDLE NAME	LAST NAME
	My name is:			
My mother's married name is				
My mother's maiden name is				_•

# B. GENDER (MALE/FEMALE)







Boy



Circle the correct picture and write:









I am a \_\_\_\_\_



Man



Girl

My father is a \_\_\_\_\_\_.

My mother is a \_\_\_\_\_\_.

C. DATE OF BIRTH	
I was born on:	I was born on (Use only numbers):
Date Month Year	Date Month Year
AGE:	
How old are you?	
I am years old.	
D. Address	
	My <b>house</b> number is:
	The name of my <b>street</b> / <b>area</b> is:
	The name of my <b>city</b> is:
	The name of my <b>state</b> is:
	The name of my <b>country</b> is:
My address is:,	

My address is: _		_,		
	(house number)	(stre	et / area)	
_	,			
	(city)	(state)	(country)	

Which of the two is the correct address format? Why?

Address:

Agra Main Road House number 26/1 Mr. Ravi Singh

2

#### Address:

Mr. Ravi Singh House No. 26/1, Main Road Agra Uttar Pradesh

#### **US ADDRESS FORMAT:**

5698 Pressed Brick Drive Norfolk, OH 23401 USA

Food for thought - How is the address format used in India and the US:

- a. similar?
- b. different?

## ME AND MY - 2

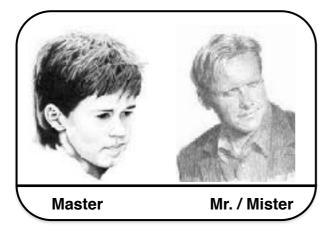
#### A. MY TITLE

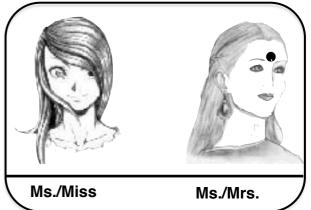
#### 1. GENDER





## 2. TITLES





#### **EXERCISE**

Name two people that you know from each group (with their titles - example, Mr. Tandon).			
Воу	Man	Married Female	Unmarried Female
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2

While writing a letter / e-mail or if we do not know the name / title of the person we address them as Ma'am (female) or Sir (male).

Food for thought: When does the title of a person change?

#### **B. My Work**



Housewife

#### SHARED READ THE PASSAGE WITH A FRIEND:

In the **early** days of phone service, you would call the operator and ask to be **connected** to a person's phone line. This system was questioned by Alexander Graham Bell's friend, Dr. Parker. The town was suffering from **measles** and Dr. Parker suggested that if the town's phone operators **fell ill**, it would be **difficult** to run the phone service. Using numbers instead of names, was seen as a better solution. This system is still in use today.

## Food for thought:

Businessperson

Will phone operators get jobs after this change in phone service?

Other

# C. EXERCISE

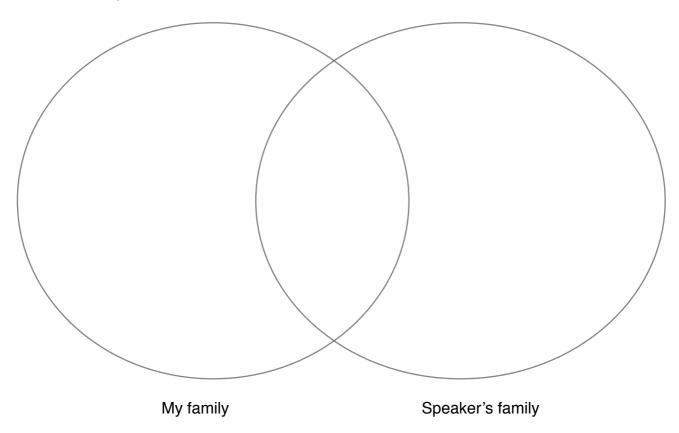
I am a			
l	in		
(work/study)		(place of work / school)	

My father is a		·
He works in		
	(place)	

	(place)	
She works in		•
My mother is a _		·

## **FAMILY**

#### A. VENN DIAGRAM

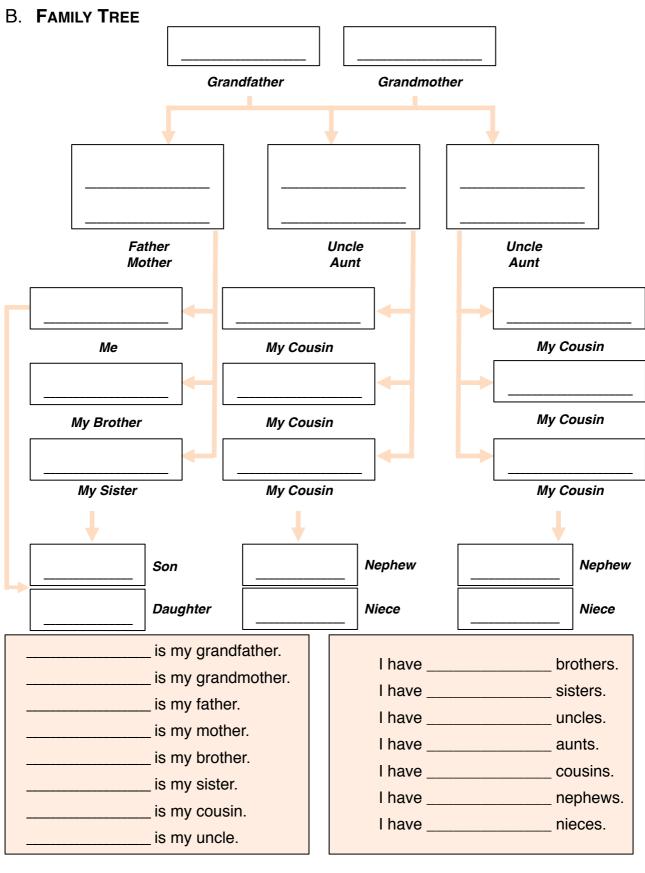


Compare your family with that of one of the speakers.

- ★ Think of how your family is **similar** to that of the speaker in AV 3.
- ★ Think of how your family is **different from** that of the speaker in AV 3.

SI	ha	rΔ	•
-	110	16	

My family	and the speaker's family	_
ww tamily	and the speaker's family	
IVIY ICHILIIY	and the opeanor or laming	·



C. Food for Thought - Do you take the help of the facilitator if you do not understand something?
YES

NO

## **INTRODUCING MYSELF**

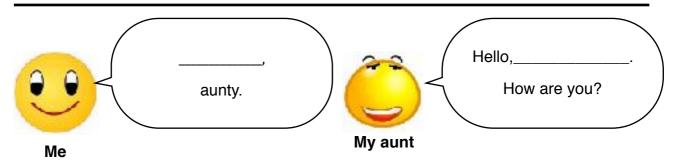
## A. GREETINGS - INFORMAL

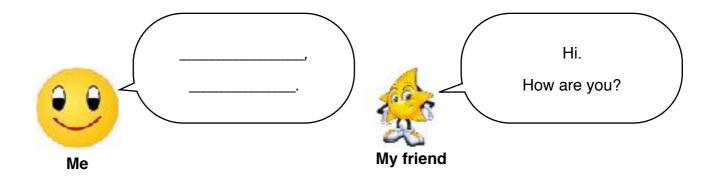
Hello

Hi

## 1. EXERCISE

Greet your aunt and friend

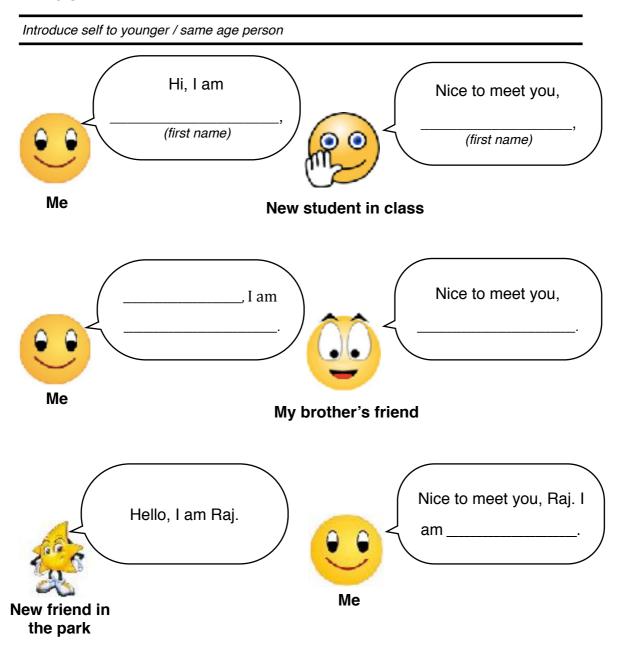




## **MY INTRODUCTION**

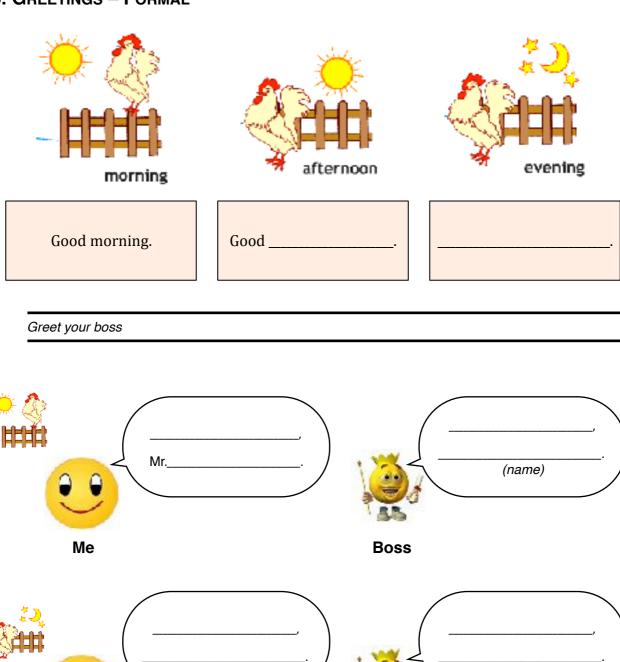
My name is  (greeting)	I am years old.	
I live in I am	(work)	

## **EXERCISE**



# B. GREETINGS - FORMAL

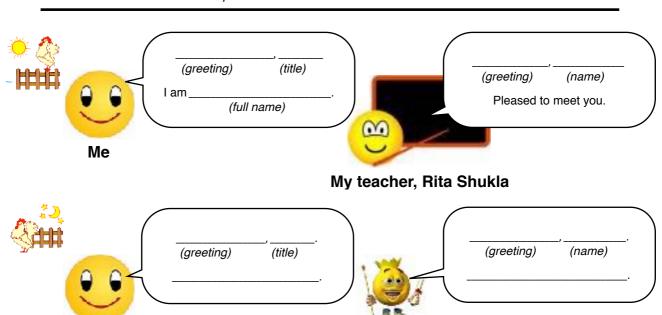
Ме



Boss

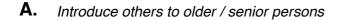
## Introduce self to senior / older person

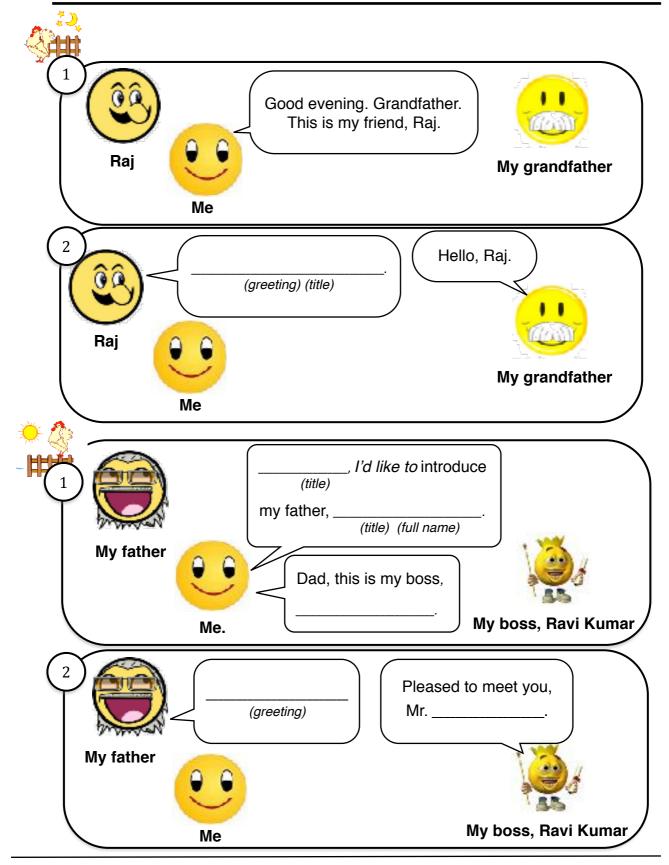
Me



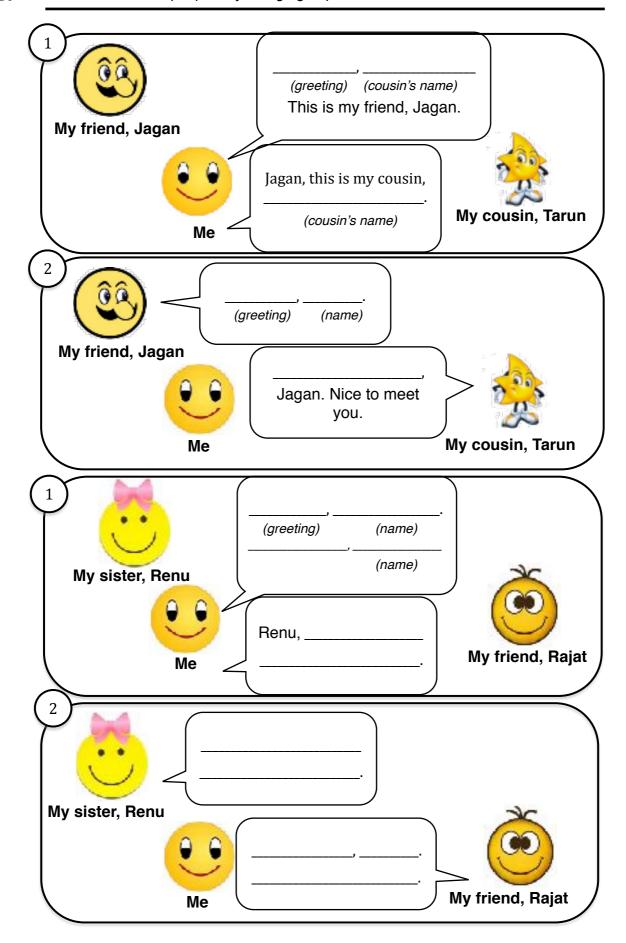
My boss, Ravi Kumar

## **INTRODUCING OTHERS**





## B. Introduce others to people of your age group



Week	1
------	---

Can you introduce yourself to others?	Yes	No	
Can you introduce other people?	Yes	No	

## **CONSOLIDATION**

#### A. Song:

Big, Strong, Smart, Wonderful Me

I'm big, getting bigger I'm strong, getting stronger I'm smart, getting smarter Just watch a little longer and see All I am and all I'm going to be

Big, strong, smart, wonderful me Big, strong, smart, wonderful Big, strong, smart, wonderful Big and strong and smart and wonderful Big and strong and smart and wonderful

Big and strong and smart and wonderful me I'm big, getting bigger
I'm strong, getting stronger
I'm smart, getting smarter
Just watch a little longer and see
All I am and all I'm going to be

Big, strong, smart, wonderful Big, strong, smart, wonderful Big, strong, smart, wonderful me

В.	Draw/write	how the	e story	ended:

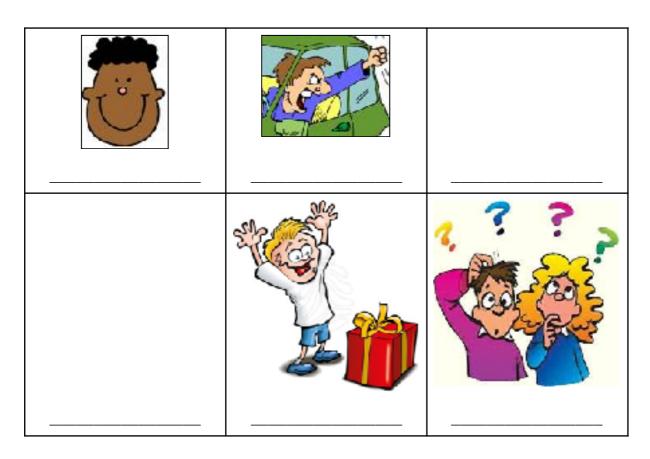
**C.** Answer the following and share with class:

Have you:	_	elf eek 1)	Peer (Week 2)	
	Yes	No	Yes	No
been coming to class regularly?				
been coming to class on time?				
started speaking some words in English?				

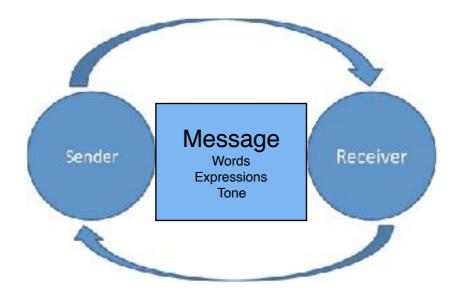
<b>D.</b> 1. What did you enjoy in today's lesson?	
2. What did you not enjoy in today's lesson?	

# **BEING POLITE**

## A. FEELINGS



## **B.** COMMUNICATION



# VERBAL AND NON-VERBAL MESSAGES

1. V	Vho is using verbal communication?	What makes you say that?
2. V	Vho is using non-verbal communication	on? What makes you say that?
C. 1	. Tick the more polite statement.	
i.	I want a chocolate.	I would like to have a chocolate.
ii	The food tastes different.	This food is bad.
iii	I wonder if I can take your car.	Give me your car.
<b>2.</b> C	Change the following impolite stateme	ents into polite statements:
i. D	on't get married. You are young.	
I	feel that you are	
ii. Y	ou have made a mistake.	
PI	lease check	
iii. I	am not coming to your party.	
I	am not sure	
iv. I	want to eat pizza.	
I	would	
v. Y	our answer is wrong.	
Yo	our answer seems	
D. E	EXERCISE	
Whi spa		and why? Why are others not good use of personal

#### INTONATION

A.

#### B. Underline the stressed word in each of the following sentences:

- 1. My brother studies in Vidya Mandir. (focus on the person)
- 2. My brother studies in Vidya Mandir. (focus on your relationship)
- 3. My brother studies in Vidya Mandir. (focus on place)
- 4. My brother studies in Vidya Mandir. (focus on work)

## Did you know?

There are a lot of apps that you can download on your smartphone to continue learning English on your own. Some of these apps are paid and the ones given below are free:

Duolingo	Memrise
Lingua.ly	LearnEnglish Grammar
Johnny Grammar's Word Challenge	SpeakingPal English Tutor
MyWordBook 2	Phrasalstein

#### **CAN & CAN'T**

#### A. Movie

- 1. Keywords This movie, child, girl, adventure, married, old, wife, die, balloons.
- 2. I predict that \_\_\_\_\_

#### B. POLITE WORDS & PHRASES:

Word/Phrase	Usage	Example
Please.	When asking or requesting.	Please help me.
Thank you.	When I get something.	Thank you for the gift. Thank you for the help.
You are welcome.	When someone thanks me.	-
Sorry/Pardon me.	When I make a mistake/sneeze/blow my nose/cough, etc.	Sorry I came late.
Excuse me.	When I need to get someone's attention.	Excuse me, I want to say something.

R	CAN	/CAN'T	I/vou	/HE/SI	4 <b>E/I</b> T/	2
υ.	CAN	/CAN I	<i>I</i> / 1 O U	// IE/ 31	7 <b>6/</b> 11/	:

Can't = Cannot

C. I/YOU/HE/SHE/IT CAN/CAN'T	
I can	I can't
My partner can	My partner can't
<b>D.</b> Make sentences which are true for you <b>or</b>	your partner -
a. speak English:	
b. drive a car:	
c. swim:	
d. play tennis:	
e. ride a bike:	

# DO & DOES

<b>A.</b> Correct the following sentences:	
1. I can swimming.	
2. She cans ride a bike.	
3. Can you to play cricket?	
4. He not can speak English.	
5. Can swim they fast?	
B. 1. Complete the following using	g 'Do' or 'Does' -
i you have a pen?	
ii he have a brother?	
iii Ravi dance on stag	e?
iv they know me?	
we have a holiday to	morrow?

# 2. Answer the questions on your own

Do	Answer	Can	Answer
you clap after class?	I do not clap after class.	you clap after class?	
you sing like Lata Mangeshkar?		you sing like Lata Mangeshkar?	
they help you?		they help you?	
I earn a million dollars?		I earn a million dollars?	
we learn together?		we learn together?	

# C. Complete the following using 'Do' or 'Did' -

Do	Answer	Did	Answer
you eat lunch everyday?		you eat lunch today?	No, I didn't eat lunch today.
we go to market now or later?		we go to market yesterday?	
they sing or dance?		they sing or dance?	
get money for work?		I get money for work?	

**D.** Rearrange the words to complete the sentences:

do	have	you	pen	а	?
		Do you ha	ave a pen ?		
you	have	salt	don't	?	
the	I	don't	know	answer	·
your	don't	I	have	letters	

# MAY, MUST, MIGHT

#### A. PARTNER TALK:

1.	How would Emmanuel be feeling on stage?

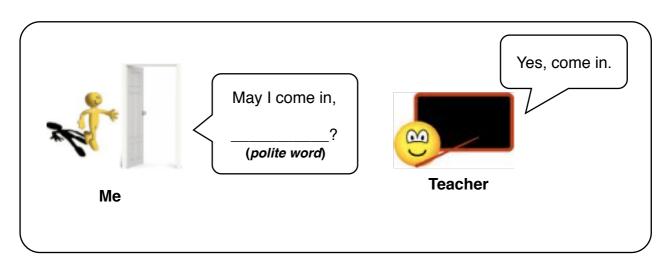
- 2. What would Emmanuel say if he found his birth mother?
- 3. If you could, would you change places with Emmanuel? Why?

Share with the class, beginning your sentence with:

- "My partner said that Emmanuel would be feeling \_\_\_\_\_"

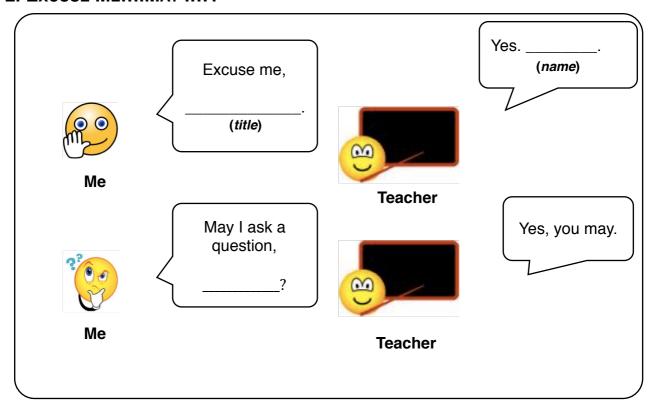
   "My partner said that Emmanuel would say."
- 2. "My partner said that Emmanuel would say \_\_
- 3. "My partner said that he \_\_\_\_\_ like to change place with Emmanuel because \_\_\_\_\_"

#### B. 1. MAY I ...?



May I	? (go)
May I	? (take)
May I	?

# 2. EXCUSE ME....MAY I...?



Student	Teacher	
Excuse me,	Yes,	
May I?	You may	
Excuse me,	Yes,	
May Ravi?	No he may not. He has not finished his work.	
Excuse me,	Yes,	
May we?	You may	

#### **D. MUST OR MUST NOT**

1. Grandmother is in the garden and watching children play.



<ol><li>Rewrite these sentences using 'must' or 'must no</li></ol>	ť:
--	----

١.	Rajat _	eat dirt.	
	, –		

ii.	Rita		listen	to	grandmother.
-----	------	--	--------	----	--------------

iii.	Javed	wear hi	s shoes.

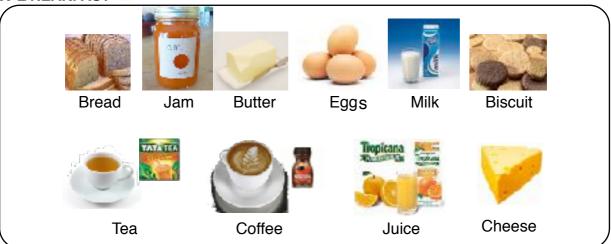
Statement	Possibility
Jigar is tired.	He might
Manjeet is in the hospital.	He might be
It's cold and Rashi is not wearing a jacket.	She might

# CONSOLIDATION

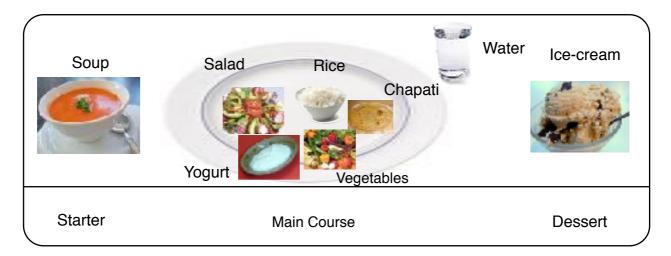
	LIST OF <b>FEA</b> RULE	ES USING CAN/CAN	I'T, DO/DON'T, MAY	/MAY NOT, MUST/MU	ST NOT
MPILE	A LIST OF <b>FEA</b> R	ules using your	LIST AND YOUR PA	ARTNER'S LIST	

## **FOOD**

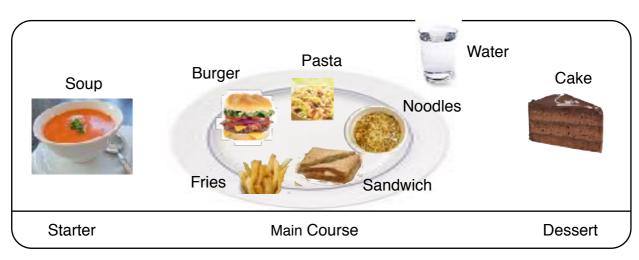
## A.1. BREAKFAST



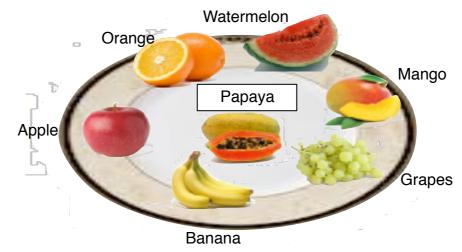
# 2. LUNCH



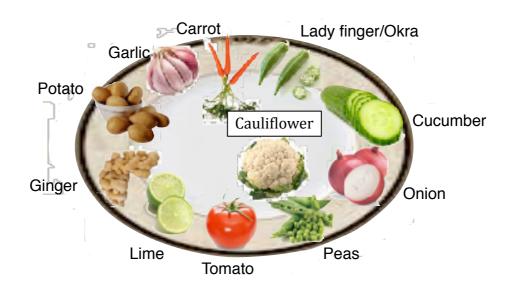
# 3. DINNER



## **B.** FRUITS



## **VEGETABLES**



<b>4.</b> a. I like _		and		<del>-</del>
	(fruit)		(vegetable)	
b. I	like		and	
(don't/	doesn't/didn't)	(fruit)		(vegetable)
c. My frie	end likes		and	
•		ruit)		(vegetable)
d. He/sh	e like	e	ar	nd
	t/doesn't/didn't)			(vegetable)

# C. CROSSWORD 1 2 4 7 8 9 10 10



13

# D. TALLY

QUESTION	Answer 1	Answer 2	Answer 3	Answer 4	Answer 5
What do you like to eat for	Bread	Porridge	Idli	Roti	Nothing
breakfast? (Example)	II	I	#	#	#1
What do you like to eat for breakfast?					
What do you like to eat for lunch?					
What do you like to eat for dinner?					
What is your favourite snack?					

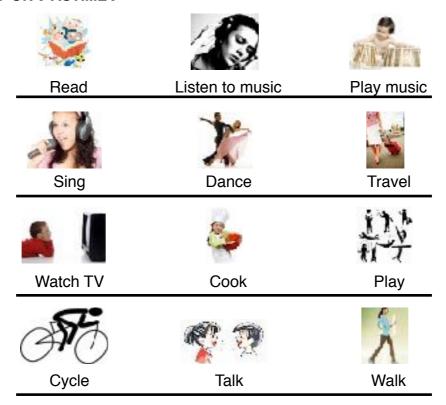
1	ı	6	1441
2	II	7	111111
3	Ш	8	JHT
4	IIII	9	J##1111
5	Ж	10	7HF:HH

Which is the most popular breakfast food?	
Which is the most popular snack?	

T	Æ	C	C	N	N	1	1
	ıΓı	7.	7	ι,			4

#### **HOBBIES**

#### A. 1. HOBBY OR PASTIME?



#### 2. EXERCISE

I like to	·			
I do not like to				
My(family member)	likes to			
My(family member)	does not like to			

#### B. 1. READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS:

Tara and her friends plan to do something together in the evening when they are free. They cannot decide.

Tara likes to sing, but she hates football. All her friends like to watch movies, but Jamal does not like table tennis very much. Her friend Raju likes watching football on television, but he also likes to sing and play badminton. Her friend, Leena, prefers to play table tennis, but is happy to do other things as well.

## Read and tick the correct box:

	TRUE	FALSE	DON'T KNOW
1. Jamal likes to play table tennis.			
2. Both Tara and Raju like to sing.			
3. Everyone likes to play football.			
4. Leena likes to sing.			
5. Everyone likes to watch movies.			

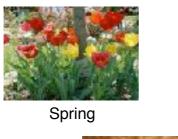
# C. SURVEY QUESTIONNAIRE

Do you like to?	Tally	Can you?	Tally
make paintings?		paint?	
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			

Make your graph here:

# **SEASONS & WEATHER**

# A. 1. SEASONS









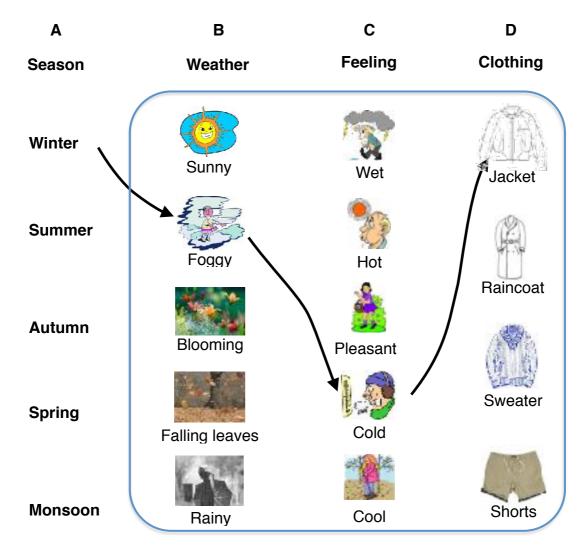
Autumn / Fall

Winter

# 2. WEATHER



# B. 1. MATCH COLUMN A, B, C & D:



## 2. COMPLETE THE SENTENCES ABOUT THE WEATHER/SEASON:

1.	It is	
2.	It may	
3.	It might	
4.	It must .	

## C.1. Presentation - MY FAVOURITE SEASON:

(season) because I cannot (name), likes	In(season), when it is
(weather), I like to eat	I do not like
(season) because I cannot	My friend
(name), likes	(season) and does not like
(season).	

# 2. DATA COLLECTION ON YOUR FAVOURITE SEASON:

Spring	Summer	Autumn	Winter

Make your graph here:

T	ESS	$\mathbf{O}$	N	16
L		$\mathcal{F}$	T.4	11

# **WEATHER FORECAST**

# A. WHICH SEASON IS IT?

1	
Season	 -
What makes you say that?	 
2	

Season - \_\_\_\_\_\_
What makes you say that? \_\_\_\_\_\_

# **B. 1. WEATHER FORECAST:**




#### 2. SELF AND PEER ASSESSMENT

On a scale of 1 - 5, rate	Own presentation:	Friend's presentation:
i. use of correct vocabulary.		
ii. use of voice (pitch and pace).		
iii. use of gestures.		
iv. confidence.		

Tell your friend two things:

- 1. what he/she did very well.
- 2. one idea to make it better.

Good, everyor	ne. I am		and I will tell you about the
weather in your city today. In			•
weather is	(city) It will be	(weather)	during the day and
during the nig	ght. Remembe	er to take your _	when you (clothing)
go out.			
Thank you and have a nice da	y.		

#### C. LOOK AT THE GRAPH AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS:

1. What was the global average temperature in 1860?

- 2. Based on this graph, which statement is true:
  - a. The next 100 years will be warmer.
  - b. The temperature in 1960s was more than temperature in 1930s.
  - c. We cannot check temperature in a graph.
  - d. The global average temperature in 1980 was 14.20 C.

Tell your facilitator how he/she can help you learn better.

# **MY FAVORITE THINGS**

Α.	WRITE OR DRAW YOUR PREDICTION FOR PART 3 OF THE MOVIE:  I predict that			
	OR			
В.	WRITE 2 SENTENCES ABOUT YOUR FAVORITE:			
1.	Food:			
 2.	Drink:			
3.	Season:			
 4.	Clothing:			
5. 	Color:			

# **C.N**OTE THE **R**ESPONSES OF YOUR CLASSMATES HERE:

Favorite	My Tally	Class Tally
Food		
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
Drink		
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
Season		
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
Clothing		
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		

#### Week 3

Favorite	My Tally	Class Tally
Color		
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		

D.	REF	FLEC	TION:

Did you make any mistake? What was it	?
---------------------------------------	---

2. Why do you think you made that mistake?

\_\_\_\_\_

3. How do you feel when you make a mistake? Why?

\_\_\_\_\_

I	ES	S	O	N	1	8

# **CONSOLIDATION**

# A. "Anyone who stops learning is old, whether he is 20 or 80." - Chinese **P**ROVERB

B. F	₹EV	IEW	TEST:
------	-----	-----	-------

D. REVIEW TEST:				
1. Choose the more suitable word from the bracket to complete the sentences:				
a. I can (hear or listen) thunder.				
b. I can(look or see) that it is raining.				
c. Many people fall sick in the summer (weather or season).				
d. My friend does not have useful (pass times or past times				
or pastimes).				
e. I am not sure. I will (probably or certainly) not come for the				
party.				
f. I (request or command) you to help me.				
g. My mother's (middle or maiden) name is Rani Duggal.				
n. I like to have ice cream for (dessert or desert).				
i. "Hello" can be (formal or informal) greeting to use with your boss.				
j. I (predict or assume) that India will win the match later today.				
2. Match the words in column A with the most likely description in column B:				

A	В
1. Lime	A. Father's brother
2. Winter	B. Sweet
3. Uncle	C. Chilly
4. Dessert	D. Brother's daughter
5. Niece	E. Sour

# 3. Arrange the following steps of making a presentation, from first to last:

Steps Correct Order

Mention the topic of your presentation.

Thank the audience.

Introduce yourself.

Prepare the presentation.

Ask for audience questions.

Score - \_\_\_\_/20

# **LEARNING A LANGUAGE**

# A. MY ENGLISH REPORT CARD:

Language Strand	1	2	3	4	5
Reading					
Writing					
Speaking					
Listening					

# **B. My Language Challenges:**

Language Component	Knowledge	Use	Confidence
Vocabulary			
Sentence structure			
Pronunciation			
Fluency			
Others:			

# C. MY LANGUAGE GOALS:

Language Component	What will you do?
Vocabulary	
Sentence structure	
Pronunciation	
Confidence	
Others:	

Α.	CA	בום	<b>- A</b> I	17	<b>A T</b> I	$\triangle$	
Α.	CΑ	РΠ	IAL	.IZ <i>I</i>	4 I I	UN	13

E. What is your question \_\_\_\_

	SENTENC	E STRUCTURE - 1
A.	CAPITALIZATION:	
	Use capitalization for:	
	1. I	Do I have to go?
	2. Initials	My father's name is <b>R</b> . <b>S</b> . Sharma.
	3. First letter of a name.	My name is Rahul Sharma.
		Today is <b>M</b> onday.
		l live in <b>D</b> elhi.
	4. First letter of first word in sentence.	The food is hot.
1.	Proofread:	
	Capitalize and rewrite the sentence	es:
	A. my new friend is alok	
	C. you will go to london in july	
В.	ENDING OF SENTENCE:	
1.	Proofread: End the sentence with	
	. (full stop) if it is a <i>stateme</i>	<u>nt.</u>
	Example: I like to eat.	
	? (question mark) if it is a <b>g</b>	question.
	Example: What is your nam	ne?
	End with . or ?	
	A. What is the time	
	B. He is my brother	
	C. May I have a biscuit, please	-
	D. You are singing	

# C. USE OF COMMA (,):

Rules	Examples
1. In lists, add a comma at the end of a long list just before the word, 'and'.	<ul> <li>I have my camera, money, and airplane ticket.</li> <li>This shop has rainproof coats, hiking boots, and backpacks.</li> <li>She wore a pretty, green dress.</li> </ul>
2. In front of 'for', 'and', 'nor', 'but', 'or', 'yet', 'so'.	<ul> <li>Julie wants to go to university, but she didn't get admission.</li> <li>The neighbours were making a lot of noise at 2 a.m., so I called the police.</li> <li>The teacher talked about the test, and the students played with their phones.</li> </ul>
3. After an introduction, many sentences begin with an introduction that should be separated from the rest of the sentence.	<ul> <li>Without water, the plants will die.</li> <li>In America, football is a popular sport.</li> <li>When the painting is finished, the office will look better.</li> </ul>

# 1. EXERCISE - Rewrite the sentences after adding commas at correct places:

i)	I have a bird a dog and a cat.
ii)	I like math history and grammar.
iii)	Lata please sit down.
iv)	Rohit lives in London England.
v)	Our postman Jamil smiles a lot.

#### D. PROOFREAD THE PASSAGE AND MAKE CORRECTIONS TO IT:

My name is Jagdeep singh. I am a pilot. I live at 128 palam Colony, in Delhi India. I have two children. One is a girl named Kanwaljeet. The other is a boy named Tanish. He's named after my father. i also have a wife named Jamila. She has long dark and soft hair. We also have a dog named Buck. He is very quiet

# E. My Goals (Refer to Lesson 19):

Goals	How did I do today?		
Vocabulary	Co.	<u> </u>	
Sentence structure	Co.	<u></u>	
Pronunciation	Co.	<u> </u>	
Confidence	<del>Co</del>	<u></u>	
Others:	<del>C</del>	<u></u>	

# **SENTENCE STRUCTURE - 2**

# A. USE OF 'AND'

To join similar statements.

# **Examples:**

Similar Sentences	Joined Sentences
I like mangoes. I like apples.	I like mangoes and apples.
I want a shirt. I also want a cap.	I want a shirt and a cap.
I study Math. I study English. I study Hindi.	I study Math, English, and Hindi.

#### **Exercise:**

Similar Sentences	Joined Sentence
Amit likes to dance. Anu likes to dance.	
I had potatoes for lunch. I had potatoes for dinner.	
It was dark. It was cloudy. It was cold.	

# B. USE OF 'BUT'

To join statements with opposite ideas.

# **Examples:**

Dissimilar Ideas	Joined Sentences
I like mangoes. I don't like apples.	I like mangoes, but I don't like apples.
He got a shirt. He did not pay for it.	He got the shirt, but did not pay for it.
I study Math everyday. I don't like Math.	I study Math everyday, but I don't like it.

# **Exercise:**

Dissimilar Ideas	Joined Sentences
Amit likes to dance. Anu does not like to dance.	
I asked for tea. I did not get tea.	
The TV is on. We are not watching it.	

#### C. TOP EDITOR:

**1.** Proofread the passage using correction marks given below:

if a person never makes a mistake he is probibly not living much. Why because mistakes sometimes teach us more than anything else in life if we were perfect nothing would make us happy or saad You can only learn from a Mistake after you admit you have made it and not blame other people when you make a mistake the only person to blame is you Making mistackes is not failing but starting again and finding something new to be Successful

#### **Correction marks**

mistakes?

Error	Mark
Spelling	sp
Capitalization	С
Punctuation	р

Time taken	Mistakes found


I	ESSON	122
L		

# **ASKING QUESTIONS - 1**

# A. THE 5 WS AND AN 'H':

<b>Question Word</b>	Asking for
Who?	Person(s)
What?	Objects/actions/other information.
Where?	Place
When?	Time
Why?	Reason
How?	Process/method/other information.

# 1. EXERCISE

Write the correct question word at the beginning and punctuation mark at the end:

How	Who	Where	Do	What	When	Why
	_ is your FEA o	class				
	_ is your favori	te fruit				
	wants to p	lay football witl	n me			
old are you						
were you yesterday?						
	_ we have any	ice cream				
	_ are you cryin	9				

B. If you were in the audience, what would you ask this perso	B.
---	----

4. Where he lives?

$\sim$	D				
C.	<b>PROOFREAD</b>	AND	CORRECT	THESE	QUESTIONS:

1.	What your name?		

2. Who your father?	
2. Wild your fathor:	

3. He coming when to class?

5. How he go to school?

# D. My Goals (Refer to Lesson 19)

Goals	How did I do today?		
Vocabulary	<b>E</b>		
Sentence structure	<b>6</b>		
Pronunciation	Co.	<u></u>	
Confidence	<del>C</del> e	<u></u>	
Others:	<del>C</del> e	<u></u>	

# E. KNOWING YOUR MISTAKE IS THE FIRST STEP IN CORRECTING IT. DO YOU KNOW WHAT MISTAKES YOU MAKE IN ASKING QUESTIONS?

Are you getting better at asking questions?	

#### **ASKING QUESTIONS - 2**

#### A. READ THE STORY:

Hello, I'm Lata. I'm 10 years old. I live with my dad and my sister in England. I'm going to tell you about my dad.

My dad's name is Paul. He's 46 years old. His hair is black and grey. His eyes are green. My dad gets up early in the morning and makes our breakfast. Sometimes, he takes me to school.

My dad is a teacher but he doesn't teach children. He teaches other people who work with him. He gets home at 5 'o' clock and my dad helps me with my homework. Sometimes, I help him cook our dinner.

In the evening we watch TV or read books. On Sundays, we go to the cinema, or to a concert. My dad loves music.

It is great living with my dad.

**EXERCISE:** 

Prepare 5 questions about the story to ask your partner:						
1						
2						

3. \_\_\_\_\_

T· \_\_\_\_\_\_

#### B. Prepare questions for statements given below:

Statements	Questions
1. I like vanilla ice cream.	What is your favorite ice cream flavour?
2. Your shirt is in the cupboard.	
3. Radha shouted at me.	
4. The name of my school is Raj School.	
5. She will come home at 6 o' clock.	
6. I have 6 apples.	

Week 4				
C. My prediction for Part 4 of the movie (use 'will'):				
OR				

# **CONSOLIDATION**

# A. THIS IS A PANDA:







How many pandas did you find? \_\_\_\_\_(In tally marks)

# **CONSONANT SOUNDS - 1**

# A. FILL THE TABLE WITH WORDS HAVING SOUND 'S' AND 'SH':

#### B. READ THE PASSAGE WITH A PARTNER:

		_
Sue	Shoe	When you speak, you move your mouth. How you move your mouth affects how you produce the sound and pronounce a word.  The first step to correcting shape of your mouth is to notice it and pay attention. There are a few ways you can check that your mouth and lips are making the correct shape:  • Use a mirror. This is the simplest way to tell what your mouth is doing while you talk.  • Put a finger in front of your lips (like you're saying "shh"). As you speak, don't move your finger. You should feel your lips moving away from or pushing against your finger.  • Watch other people and notice how they shape their mouth and lips when they talk
		shape their mouth and lips when they talk.
		Try following along with your favorite TV show or movie in English.
0 -		CREATE VOLID OWN TONGLIE TWISTERS:

#### C. PRACTICE:

- She sells seashells on a seashore.
   The shells she sells are seashells, I'm sure.
- 2. Selfish shellfish.
- 3. Someone should show Sylvia some strokes so she shall not sink.
- 4. The sun shines on the shop signs.
- 5. Susan shines shoes and socks; socks and shoes shines Susan.

## D. SPELLING TIP 1

Do this first	Write your first attempt at the word here	Check: Write the correct spelling here	I got it right √	More practice needed 1/
Look, Say, Cover				
Look, Say, Cover				
Look, Say, Cover	ș	2	.9	ç
Look, Say, Cover		8	<u> </u>	
Look, Say, Cover				,
Look, Say, Cover				) 
Look, Say, Cover	5	2		ç

#### **VOWEL SOUNDS - 1**

# A. FILL THE TABLE GIVEN BELOW WITH WORDS THAT USE THE SAME SOUND:

# Egg Apple

#### B. READ THE PASSAGE WITH A PARTNER:

Words are made up of syllables, or parts.

The word "syllable," for example, has three syllables: syl-la-ble. Breaking words into parts can make them easier to pronounce.

Place your hand flat just under your chin. Say the word slowly. Each time your chin touches your hand that's a syllable.

You can even write the word down in parts. Leave a space or draw a line between each syllable (every syllable has at least one vowel: a, e, i, o, u). Now try saying the word.

Say it slowly and pause after each syllable. Isn't that easier?

$\boldsymbol{c}$		DEADING
<b>С.</b> Г	RACTICE	READING:

#### Step in the shadow

His dead dad had a head of his own. He once said, "A bad bet can make men mad and sad." He had a magic mat, and lived in the middle of a desert. In a span of ten years he had a tan only to find sand in his eyes. Then he made the sky shine and the dark cat in his bedroom was sad.

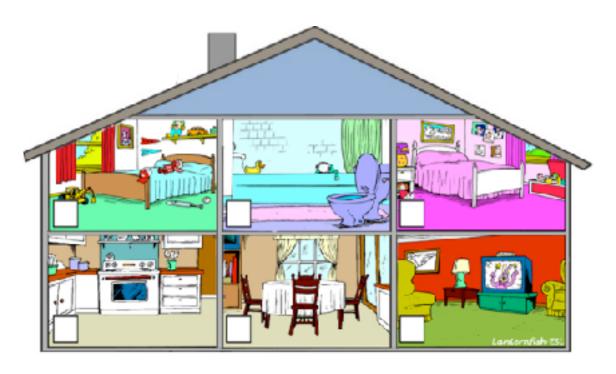
CREATE YOUR OWN TONGUE TWISTER
--------------------------------


#### D. FREE APPS FOR DOWNLOAD ON YOUR SMARTPHONE:

Speak English	American English Conversation	Learn English Listening ESL
English Pronunciation	English Pronunciation Training	Learn English Podcasts
Sounds: Pronunication	Perfect English Pronunciation	

# **MY HOUSE**

# A. PARTS OF A HOUSE



#### 1. Exercise

Number the rooms in the picture above.

- 1. bathroom
- 2. bedroom
- 3. dining room

4. kitchen

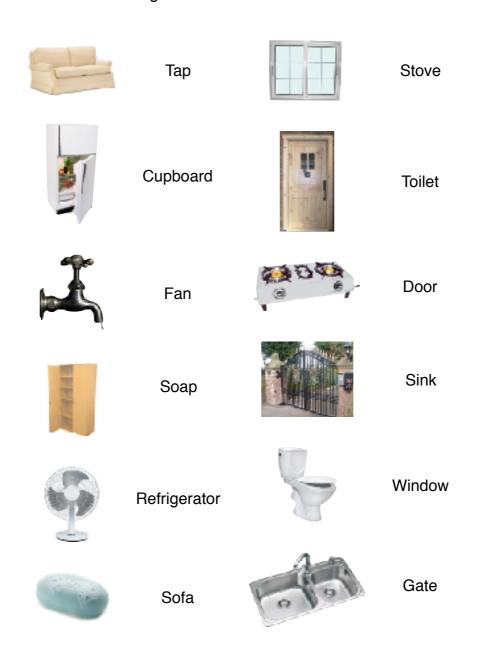
5. living room

# 2. PARTNER TALK - WHAT ARE THESE ROOMS USED FOR?

(Use these words - sleep, eat, cook, entertain, bathe)

# **B.MATCH THE WORD TO THE IMAGE:**

1. Match the word to the image and discuss where in the house these are found :



## 2. WHY? WHY? WHY?

a.	. Why don't we have taps in bedroom?				
b.					
C.					
d. <sub>-</sub>					

<b>LESSON</b>	28
---------------	----

# **MY NEIGHBOURHOOD**

_						
Λ	ľΝ	IITCI		THE	$\Box \cap$	HCE:
<b>—</b>	V)		11.75	ІПГ	пи	U.S.E.

B. Draw and Describe:						

C. COMPARE:

D. SPELLING TIP 2

One strategy we can use is the word-in-a-word memory trick:

Here, there, where.

A **pie**ce of pie.

Add an address.

A secretary keeps a secret.

Hear with your ear.

# **MY WORKPLACE**

- **A.** Now you can give directions to your house in English. How do you feel about this achievement?
- B. Look at goals you set in Lesson 19.
- C. DRAW AND DESCRIBE YOUR WORKPLACE:

#### D. 1. OBJECTS IN OFFICE:



# 2. MATCH COLUMN A AND B AND WRITE THE USE IN COLUMN C:

	Α		В	С
1	Sharpener	a.		To calculate/add/subtract
2	Pushpin	b.		
3	Rubber stamp	C.		
4	File folder	d.	E PROT	
5	Ruler	e.		
6	Eraser	f.		
7	Calculator	g.		
8	Envelope	h.	nrakenbug	
9	Stapler	i.		
10	Paper clip	j.		

Answer the following:	Yes	No
1. Have you been working on them?		
2. Which ones are you getting better at? Why?		
3. Which ones do you need to work on harder? How will you do that?		

E. What is your prediction for Part 5 of the movie?				

T.	ES	SO	N	3	N

# **LEARNING CONTRACT 1**

# A. REFLECT AND RESPOND:

Are you improving in:						
	A lot	A little	Not at all			
speaking English?						
reading English?						
writing English?						
understanding English?						
B. REFLECT AND RESPOND:						
i. Have you discussed your learning gracilitator?	oals with the	☐ Yes	□No			
What is your goal? (career or learning Er	nglish):	•				
ii. How will Freedom English Academy	help you in fulfile	ment of this goal?				
iii. Can Freedom English Academy hel	p you develop otl	ner skills?				
If yes, which ones?						
iv. To learn, I will:	Lesson 3	D Lesson 36	Lesson 42			
come to the center on time.						
not miss classes.						
speak only in English with my facilitator a classmates.	and					

#### Week 5

iv. To learn, I will:	Lesson 30	Lesson 36	Lesson 42
participate in all the discussions/activities.			
ask facilitator for help when I do not understand.			
come to centre whenever I am free to learn/read.			
Others:			

IF YOU ARE CONFUSED/UNSURE ABOUT YOUR CAREER GOALS, YOU CAN SPEAK WITH AN FEA CAREER GUIDE.

ASK YOUR FACILITATOR TO ORGANISE THE VISIT.

# **CONSONANT SOUNDS - 2**

# A. 1. FILL THE TABLE BELOW WITH WORDS WITH 'B' AND 'V' SOUND:

	0_0=
Band	Van

#### 2. PRACTICE:

- 1. Billy Voss is a bad villain.
- 2. Everybody is able to travel, but Vinny is banned.
- 3. Live a bad life, and be a viper baby.
- 4. Bees travel to my table every February. (Feb-roo-ary)
- 5. Bright vase (vaas) for flowers from the base.

#### 3. MAKE YOUR OWN TONGUE TWISTERS:

# B. 1. FILL THE TABLE BELOW WITH WORDS WITH 'F' AND 'P' SOUND:

Fin	Pin

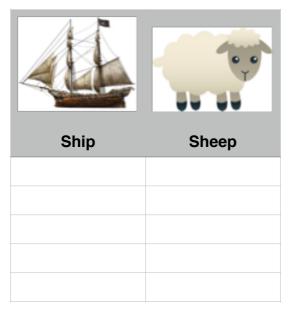
## 2. PRACTICE:

- 1. If pigs fly to Paris, fairies fly to Isfahan.
- 2. Please flip the frying pan.
- 3. Please pray for peace from fleas.
- 4. Pass me five fresh plates of fried fish.
- 5. Frank is afraid of purple flying fish flippers.

3. M	AKE	YOUR	OWN	<b>TONGUE</b>	<b>TWISTERS:</b>
------	-----	------	-----	---------------	------------------

#### **VOWEL SOUNDS - 2**

#### A. 1. PRONUNCIATION



#### 2. PRACTICE

- 1. Shelly's sheep slipped in their sleep.
- 2. She spilled sweet milk in the clean kitchen sink.
- 3. Trash spills shake Sam's short stash of patience.

## 3. MAKE YOUR OWN TONGUE-TWISTERS:

\_\_\_\_\_

## **B. 1. Pronunciation**



#### 2. PRACTICE

Burt's shirt buttons rub his tummy.

First, mother shut the birdhouse door.

Gather the buds in your skirt

Mother ate a third bun: yum, yum!

The third shirt was a blur.

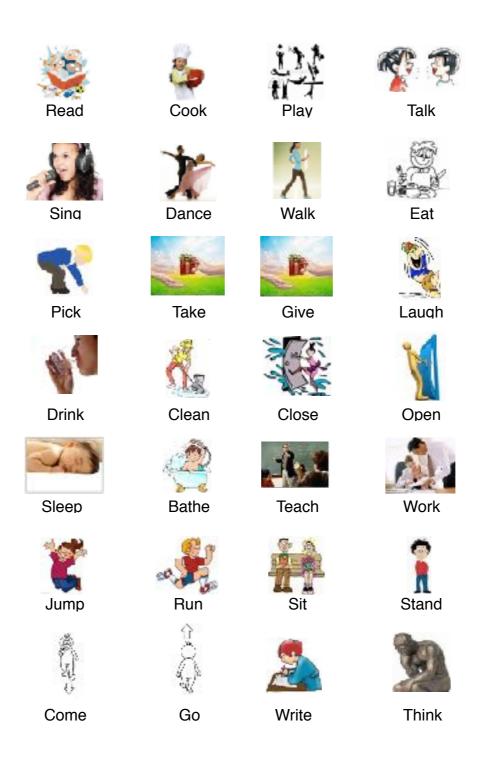
Week 6
3. Make your own tongue-twisters:
C. READ ALOUD: RUNNING RECORD
I <b>remember</b> very well the day you were born. Mom went into the <b>hospital</b> . I was only eight years old and I <b>wasn't</b> allowed in the hospital room. So I sent mom <b>slippers</b> and a note. I got the slippers from a <b>store</b> . They were <b>pink</b> and a <b>note</b> that said:
Dear Mom,
I hope you are o.k. I hope you like the <b>present</b> . I hope the <b>baby</b> is a girl.
Love,
Shelly
Score/10

How did you do and how do you feel about it?

# **ACTIONS AND PLACES**

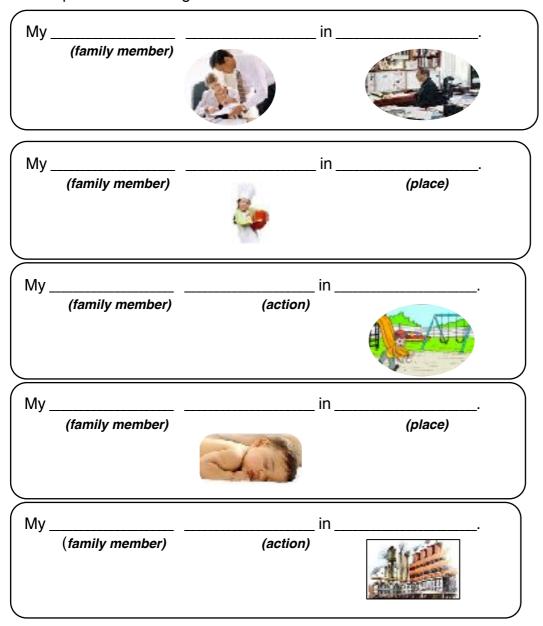
#### A. WHAT IS YOUR PREDICTION FOR PART 6 OF THE MOVIE?

# **B.** ACTIONS



#### C. ACTIONS AND PLACES

#### **1.** Complete the following:



#### 2. READ THE ARTICLE WITH A PARTNER:

Most people have not realized the value of public property. Misusing public property has become common.

Some people do not turn off the taps after use and waste a large quantity of water. Public libraries are step up by the government for the benefit of people. Some people, including some school children, are in the habit of tearing off and removing pages from library books. Sometimes, people scribble filthy words on public walls or cut the seat covers while traveling in public buses. Some people scatter bits of papers and wrappers in the public parks.

Cubicles are set up at bus stops by the transport authorities to provide shelter to the passengers. But some people spoil these cubicles by pasting advertisements on their walls.

Maintaining the public property is the duty and responsibility of **every** citizen.

#### **HOW THE BRAIN WORKS**

#### A. DISCUSS WITH YOUR PARTNER

Are people born smart/intelligent or do they become smart/intelligent? Write your and your partner's views.

I think		
My partner thinks		
· .		

#### B. LOOK AT THE COMIC AND SHARE WHICH CHARACTER ARE YOU LIKE:



#### C. LOOK AT THE IMAGES GIVEN BELOW:

#### **FOOD FOR THOUGHT**

How does FEA make me intelligent? How does FEA make me smart?

#### D. DISCUSS WITH YOUR PARTNER

Are people born smart/intelligent or do they become smart/intelligent? Write your and your partner's views.

I think	because
My partner thinks	because

#### **HOMOPHONES & OPPOSITES**

A. **HOMOPHONE** - a word that is pronounced the same as another word but differs in meaning. A homophone may also differ in spelling. The two words may be spelled the same, such as rose (flower) and rose (past tense of "rise") or differently, such as carat, and carrot, or to, two, and too.

Son	Sun
Write	Right
Dear	Deer
Board	Bored
Grate	Great
Hair	Hare
Hi	High
Hear	Here
Made	Maid
Mail	Male
Meat	Meet
Stationary	Stationery
Scene	Seen
Sale	Sail
Know	No
I	Eye

# **B. OPPOSITE -** Word completely different in meaning.

Up	Down	Dead	Alive
Day	Night	Good	Bad
Before	After	Come	Go
End	Start	Dry	Wet
Open	Close	Early	Late
Full	Empty	Fast	Slow
Right	Wrong	Lost	Found
First	Last	Нарру	Sad
Cold	Hot	In	Out
More	Less	Like	Dislike
Big	Small	Rich	Poor
Fat	Thin	Dirty	Clean
Question	Answer	Near	Far

**Learning New Words -** it is better (and easier) to remember new words in a sentence. For example, "I was **early** to class on Monday."

Another way is to remember words is by memorising them in groups. If you just learned the word "humongous" (very large), you can memorize it by thinking of a group of words—large, huge, humongous.

LESSON	3	6
	$\sim$	v

# **PRE-EVALUATION**

# A. 1. WHAT DID YOU DO WELL?

I can	Language		Effort	
	Self	Facilitator	Self	Facilitator

COMPUTER-BASED MCQ SCORE -

VIVA VOCE SCORE -

# A. 2. WHAT DO YOU NEED TO WORK ON?

I need to work on	Language		Effort	
	Self	Facilitator	Self	Facilitator

#### **B. MY ACTION PLAN:**

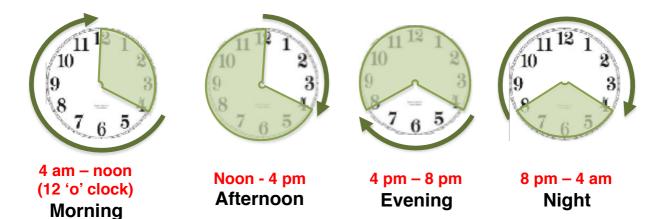
Day	Instructional Support	Practice	Self	Facilitator
1				
2				
3				
4				
5				
6				
7				

SIGNATURE OF STUDENT:	CIONIATURE OF FACULTATOR.	
SIGNATURE OF STUDENT:	SIGNATURE OF FACILITATOR:	

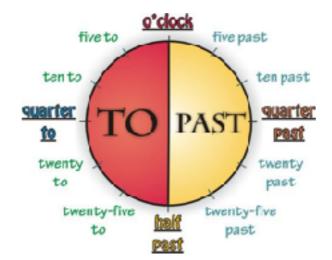
IF IT IS IMPORTANT FOR YOU, YOU WILL FIND A WAY. IF NOT, YOU WILL FIND AN EXCUSE.

# **TELLING TIME**

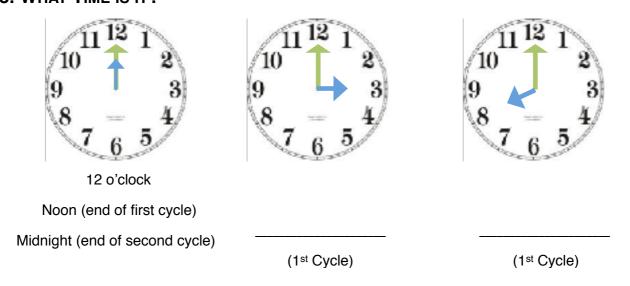
#### A.1. TIME OF THE DAY

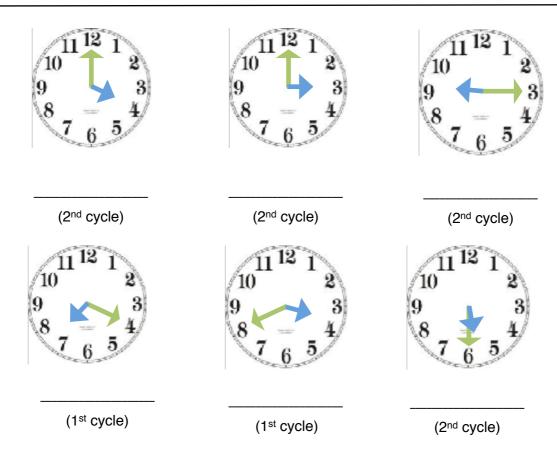


#### 2. TELLING TIME



# 3. WHAT TIME IS IT?





#### B. READ THE PASSAGE WITH A PARTNER:

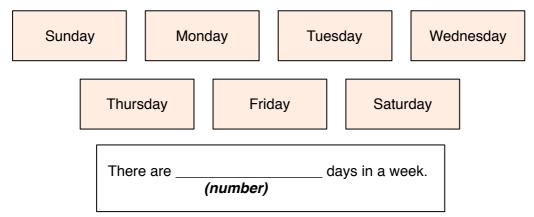
Until about 50 years ago, wrist watches and house clocks were not common. It was difficult for people to know the **exact** time when they were out of their homes and tall clock **towers** played an important role in helping people **keep track** of time when in public places. The clock towers show the **architectural design** of that age and place. The first clocks used in a tower had no faces and used a **striking bell** to alert the surrounding community when to work or when to pray. The first clock tower ever built was the Tower of Winds in Athens, which had eight **sundial** clocks.

Adapted from <a href="https://www.dawn.com/">https://www.dawn.com/</a>

	a) What is your question?			
	b) How can you find the answer to your question?			
	c)	What is the answer to your question?		
С.	. 1. What did you get better at today?			
	I improved my			
	2. What did you struggle with today?			
	I struggled with			

# **THE WEEK**

# A1. DAYS OF THE WEEK



# 2. TODAY, TOMORROW AND YESTERDAY



#### 3. FILL IN THE BLANKS

If today is Monday, yesterday was, (day)  AND tomorrow will be	I went to yesterday.  (place)  I will go to tomorrow.  (place)
(day)	(piace)

Yesterday, I _	in	
	(action)	(place)
	Tomorrow is	day)
l will	at	
	(action)	(place)

#### **B. POEM**

Read the poem below and answer the questions:

Monday's child is fair of face,

Tuesday's child is full of grace,

Wednesday's child is full of woe,

Thursday's child has far to go,

Friday's child is loving and giving,

Saturday's child must work for a living,

The child born on the Sunday

Is fair and wise and good and gay.

- Anonymous

# THE CALENDAR

# A.1. MONTHS IN A YEAR

January	February	March
April	May	June
July	August	September
October	November	December
There are	months in a year.	
	There are(nur	weeks in a month.
There are	weeks in a year.	
	There are(nun	days in a week. aber)
There are	hours in a day.	

# 2. READING BUS SCHEDULE:

Read the bus schedule below and answer the questions in complete sentences:

Departure	Arrival	Departure	Arrival		
Delhi 8:30 am	Agra 12:40 pm	Agra 2:30 pm	Delhi 6:45 pm		
Mumbai 12:00 pm	Pune: 3:15 pm	Pune: 5:45 pm	Mumbai 9:25 pm		
Gurgaon 9:05 am	Jaipur 12:25 pm	Jaipur 1:10 pm	Gurgaon 4:55 pm		
Noida 6:15 am	Panipat 11:40 am	Panipat 1:05 pm	Noida 5:15 am		
Tickets: One	-way Rs: 900	Round-trip	Rs. 1,500		
Information: 1-800-888888					
How much does:     i. a one-way ticket cost?     ii. a round trip ticket cost?					
2. What time does the bus leave Delhi for Agra?  3. What time does the bus arrive in Noida from Panipat?  4. What telephone number do you call if you have a question?					
<del>-</del>					

# B. DATE FORMAT AROUND THE WORLD:

#### **MANAGING TIME**

#### A. 1. FOOD FOR THOUGHT

'Procrastination is the thief of time.' ~ Edward Young

a. Do you procrastinate?

b. What does the quote mean?

I think it means\_

My friend thinks it means\_\_\_

#### 2. BEATING DISTRACTIONS

What distracts you?

Do you make a todo list in the morning?

> Do you break a big task into smaller tasks?

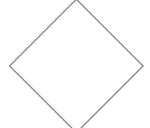
Do you set time limits?

Do you review todo list in the evening?

How do you motivate yourself?

Do you know your energy cycle?

Do you use reminders?



R	1	ΔΓ	DAY IN	THE	LIFF	OF A	A PHNCTHAL	FEA STUDENT
L.		- ^ L	JAI III	INC	LIFE	UF 1	T CUNCTUAL	. I LA SIUDEN

Step 1 - Think like a punctual FEA student.  Step 2 - Plan and write about your day.  Step 3 - Start from beginning of the day and mention the time and work done at that time.  Step 4 - Continue describing the day using time, action, place words till the end of the day.  Step 5 - Check your work for spellings and capitalization.

How is it similar to your day? How is it different to your day?

# 2. CHECKLIST:

Did vou	Passage 1		
Did you	Yes	No	
follow all the steps?			
capitalise the beginning of each sentence?			
capitalise all names in the sentences?			
capitalise all 'l' in the sentences?			
end the sentences with a full stop or question mark?			

B. PLEDGE:	
l,	(full name), pledge to attend FEA class, every day, on time.
	y learning, and my community by having good attendance. I will pared to learn and with a positive attitude.

# **POWER OF PLANNING**

# A. Answer the following questions along with a partner:

Questions	My first response	My planned response
1. During summer holidays, you have two choices - go to the village and relax or continue FEA classes and learn. What would you choose? Why?	My choice - Reason -	My choice - Reason -
2. During exams, you have two choices - take a month off from FEA classes or come FEA and take a day off on exam day. What would you choose? Why?	My choice - Reason -	My choice - Reason -
3. You have got a low-paying job after completing Book 1, now you have two choices - drop out of FEA or continue with FEA so that you can get a betterpaying job. What would you choose? Why?	My choice - Reason -	My choice - Reason -
4. Your cousin has invited you to his wedding celebration lasting a week. You have two choices - take the week off or just take the day off on the day of the wedding and save your leaves for emergencies. What would you choose? Why?	My choice - Reason -	My choice - Reason -
5. You have missed FEA class for a few days. You have two choices - take your friend's workbook and copy his work or come to FEA class before/after your session to learn from the facilitator what you have missed. What would you choose? Why?	My choice - Reason -	My choice - Reason -

#### B. READ THE STORY BY YOURSELF:

Three fish lived in a pond. One was named "Plan Ahead", another was "Think Fast" and the third was called "Wait and Watch". One day they heard a fisherman say he would be going to cast his net in their pond the next day.

Plan Ahead said, "I am swimming down the river tonight."

Think Fast said, "I am sure I will come up with a plan."

Wait and Watch lazily said, "I just can't think about it now."

When the fisherman cast his nets, Plan Ahead was able to escape from his nets. But Think Fast and Wait and Watch were caught by the fisherman.

Think Fast quickly rolled his belly up and pretended to be dead. "Oh, this fish is no good!" said the fisherman and threw him safely back into the water. However, Wait and Watch ended up in the fish market.

1.	Wh	nich fish are you most like - Plan Ahead or Think Fast or Wait and Watch?
2.		e an example of situation(s) where you <b>are</b> like: Plan Ahead
	a.	rian Aneau
	b.	Fast Think
	C.	Wait and Watch
3.	Giv	ve an example of situation(s) where you <b>want to be</b> like:
	a.	Plan Ahead
	b.	Fast Think
	C.	Wait and Watch

# C. Do you plan?

Do you plan for -	Yes	No
1. shopping?		
2. trips?		
3. weather?		
4. meals?		
5. work/study?		
6. saving?		
7. coming to FEA?		
8. entertainment?		
9. family occasions like weddings?		
10. your day?		

# **Appendix**

Roll the dice and play with a friend -

START	you understand the game?	you come to FEA everyday?	I not like mangoes.	Lose a turn
				He not sing all day.
The dog not like to be kicked.	Skip 5 boxes	the facilitator get angry with students?	you participate in class everyday?	she brush her teeth everyday?
Go to START				
birds sing?	Leena and Ravi like ice cream?	Go back 4 boxes	your family live together?	you like the game?
				FINISH

_	-		1:	
			STUDENT LEAVE APPLICATION FORM	
			Student Name : ID:	
	]; 	:S	Date/s of leave: / to / /	
	applied:	months:	Reason for leave (in detail):	
	ave	ıst 3		
ent:	of days leave	in la	Leave/absenteeism in the last 3 months: Number of days:	
tude	f da	iled	Student Signature: Date:	
of S	er o	ava		
Name of Student:	Number	Leave availed in last	Parent Signature: Date:	
Ž	Ź	Ге	Facilitator/Supervisor Signature: Date:	
			STUDENT LEAVE APPLICATION FORM	
			Student Name : ID:	
	.d:	hs:	Date/s of leave:/ to//	
	applied:	months	Reason for leave (in detail):	
		3 m		
	leav	last	<u>                                   </u>	
Student:	of days leave	d in	Leave/absenteeism in the last 3 months: Number of days:	
	of d	vailed in last	Student Signature: Date:	
e of	ber	שׁ ו	Parent Signature: Date:	
Name	Numbe	Leave		
			Facilitator/Supervisor Signature: Date:	
			STUDENT LEAVE APPLICATION FORM	
			Student Name : ID:	
			FREEDOM ENGLISH ACADEMY Center: Session:	
	];  -  -	:: 	Date/s of leave: / to / /	
	applied:	onth —	Reason for leave (in detail):	
	apl	3 months:		
	еауе	ast 3		
ent:	ıys le	in	Leave/absenteeism in the last 3 months: Number of days:	
Stud	of days leave	niled ——	Student Signature: Date:	
Name of Student:	ber (	Leave availed in last	Parent Signature: Date:	
ame	Number	eave	Facilitator/Supervisor Signature: Date:	
Z	Z	Ţ	- domator/oupervisor orginature.	



# FREEDOM ENGLISH ACADEMY

**BUILDING ENGLISH, NON-COGNITIVE & CRITICAL THINKING SKILLS** 

Free one-year enrichment program

LEARNING IS A TREASURE
THAT WILL FOLLOW ITS
OWNER EVERYWHERE
- CHINESE PROVERB

TRY AGAIN. FILL YOURSELF
WITH BULLETS OF HOPE
AND YOU WILL KILL
FAILURE IN ONE SHOT
- ISRAELMORE AYIVOR

RAISE YOUR WORDS, NOT VOICE. IT IS RAIN THAT GROWS FLOWER, NOT THUNDER - RUMI

ON THE PLANET HAPPENED WHEN SOMEONE DECIDED NOT TO GIVE UP BUT KEEP GOING, NO MATTER WHAT - SPRYTE LORIANO

ONE LANGUAGE SETS
YOU IN THE CORRIDOR
FOR LIFE, TWO LANGUAGES
OPEN EVERY DOOR ALONG
THE WAY - FRANK SMITH

THE BEGINNING SEEMS
BITTER, BUT THE END IS
SWEET. HOWEVER, YOU CAN'T
GET THROUGH TO THE END WITHOUT
HAVING A BEGINNING
- ISRAELMORE AYIVOR

